

FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2021-22**M.Sc. Mathematics****Paper - I****Integration Theory & Functional Analysis - II**

Time : 3.00 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 80

Total No. of Printed Page : 03

Mini. Marks : 29

Note: Question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt question of all three section as per direction. Distribution of Marks is given in each section.

Section - 'A'**Very short type question (in few words).****6x2=12**

Q.1 Attempt any six question from the following questions :

- (i) Let N be a normed linear space and M a subspace of N then \overline{M} is a of N .
- (ii) The norm of identity operator on a normed linear space $N \neq \{0\}$ is
- (iii) An operator T on Hilbert space H is normal if and only if
- $$\|Tx\| = \|Hx\| \quad Hx \in H$$
- (iv) If P is perpendicular projection on M then $I - P$ is a on M^\perp .
- (v) All norms are on a finite dimensional space.
- (vi) State projection theorem.
- (vii) State closed graph theorem.

(2)

- (viii) Normed linear space is separable if it's is separable.
- (ix) If $T_1, T_2 \in B(H)$ then $(T_1, T_2)^* = \dots\dots\dots$
- (x) If S is non empty subset of a Hilbert space H Then
 $S \cap S^\perp \subset \dots\dots$

Section - 'B'

Short answer question (In 200 words)

4x5=20

Q.2 Attempt any four question from the following questions :

- (i) Prove that the linear space R^n of all n -tuples $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of Real numbers is normed linear space under the normed

$$\|x\| = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^2 \right)^{1/2}$$

- (ii) Let N and N' be normed linear space and let T be a linear transformation of N into N' . Then the inverse T^{-1} exists and is continuous of it's domain of definition if and only if $\exists k > 0$ such that

$$k\|x\| \leq \|T(x)\|, \forall x \in N$$

- (iii) Prove that a linear operator on a finite dimensional normed space is continuous.
- (iv) Give an example of a normed linear space which is not a Banach space.
- (v) State and prove schwarz inequality.
- (vi) An operator on Hilbert space is normal if and only if it's Real and imaginary part commutes.
- (vii) Prove that adjoint operator $T \rightarrow T^*$ in $B(H)$ is Bijective.

Section - 'C'

Long answer/Essay type question.

4x12=48

Q.3 Attempt any four question from the following questions :

(i) Let N be a non zero normed linear space and $s = \{x \in N : \|x\| \leq 1\}$ be a linear subspace of N . Then prove the N is Banach space if and only if s is complete.

(ii) Let M be a linear subspace of a normed linear space N and let f be a functional defined on M then f can be extended to a functional f_0 to on whole space N such that :

$$\|f\| = \|f_0\|$$

(iii) Let $\{x_n\}$ be a weakly convergent sequenc in a normed space X . Then prove that :

(a) The weak limit of $\{x_n\}$ is unique.

(b) $\{\|x_n\|\}$ is a bounded sequence in R

(c) Every subsequence of $\{x_n\}$ converges weakly to the weak limit of $\{x_n\}$.

(iv) State and prove Riez representation theorem.

(v) If $\{e_i\}$ is an orthonormal set in Hilbert space H and if x is an arbitrary vector in H . Then prove that :

$$x - \sum (x, e_i) e_i \perp e_j \text{ for each } j$$

(vi) Let T be an operator on a Hilbert space H then \exists a unique operator on such that :

$$(Tx, y) = (x, T^* y) \quad \forall x, y \in H$$

(vii) Prove that a closed convex subset C of a Hilbert space H contains a unique vector of smallest norm.